## End of Year Expectations for Year 4 for New National Curriculum - EXPECTED (At National Standard)

| Year 4 Reading |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Word Reading | Comprehension |
| Sufficient evidence shows the ability to... <br> $\square$ Read with fluency a range of ageappropriate text types from those specified for YRs 3 and 4(including fairy stories, myths and legends, poetry, plays and non-fiction books). Read at aspeed sufficient for them to focus on understanding. <br> $\square$ Read most common exception words effortlessly, noting unusual correspondencebetween spelling and sound. <br> - Know the full range of GPCs, and use phonic skillsconsistently and automatically to address unfamiliar or challenging words. <br> $\square$ Determine the meaning of new words by sometimes applying knowledge of root wordsand their affixes e.g. information, invasion, enclosure, mountainous. <br> - Prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud and perform. Demonstrate understanding by using appropriate intonation and volume whenreciting or reading aloud. | Sufficient evidence shows the ability to... <br> - Fully engage with and enjoy reading a range of texts, making choices and explaining preferences; know some text types; talk about books enjoyed both in and out of school, making textual references. <br> - Listen to, discuss and express views about a wide range of fiction (including fairy stories, myths and legends over the two YR cycle), poetry (including those read aloud andperformed) and plays. Begin to justify comments. <br> - Listen to and discuss a range of non-fiction and reference or text books, that are structured in different ways; recognise typical presentational features. <br> - Identify themes and conventions in a range of books e.g. identify a theme of 'recycling' or 'changes in leisure activities'; recognise the conventions of a myth or play script;know how information is signposted in reference books. <br> - Recognise several different forms of poetry, such as free verse, rhyming, shape, narrative, humorous; explain their differences. <br> - Draw inferences and justify with evidence e.g. characters' feelings, thoughts and motives, from their actions or words. Draw comparisons. <br> - Predict what might credibly happen from details stated and implied. <br> - Explain the meaning of words in context; use dictionaries to check meanings. <br> $\square$ Check the text makes sense, reading to the punctuation and habitually re-reading. <br> - Explain and discuss their understanding of the text e.g. describe a sequence of events; the way a character changes through the story; the reason why Lucy is upset whenEdmund lies; the different ways to make a cake. <br> - Identify and summarise main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph e.g. a poem about funny relatives; a persuasive message to recycle rubbish. <br> - Retrieve and record information from non-fiction texts. <br> - Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning e.g. that the word 'threatening' means that the storm is close and could be dangerous; theintroduction leads you into the text; each paragraph tells you about a different character. <br> $\square$ Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination. <br> $\square$ During discussion about texts, ask relevant questions to improve their understanding; take turns and build on what others have to say. |


| Year 4 Writing |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transcription |  | Composition |  |
| Spelling <br> Sufficient evidence shows the ability to... <br> - Write from memory, simple dictated sentences which include familiar GPCs, common exception words and punctuation. <br> - Use knowledge of morphology to spell words with prefixes e.g. in-, il-, im-, re-, sub-, inter-, auto-. <br> - Add suffixes which begin with a vowel e.g. forget, forgetting. Add suffixes sion, -ous, -cian and -ly e.g. completely, basically. <br> - Write words spelt ch e.g. scheme, chemist, chef. <br> - Spell most homophones in the YR 3-4 spellingappendix e.g. accept, except; scene, seen. <br> - Use apostrophes to mark singular and plural possession e.g. the girl's name; the girls' names; include irregular plurals e.g. children's bags. <br> - Spell the majority of words from the YR 3-4 word list. | Handwriting <br> Evidence: <br> - Writing is legible. <br> - All letters and digits are consistently formed and of the correct size, orientation and relationship toone another. <br> $\square$ Writing is spaced sufficiently so that ascendersand descenders do not meet. <br> - Appropriate letters are joined consistently. | Composition: structure and purpose Sufficient evidence shows the ability to... <br> - Discuss and develop initial ideas in order to planand draft before writing. <br> - Write to suit purpose and with a growing awareness of audience, using some appropriatefeatures. <br> - Organise writing into sections or paragraphs, including fiction and non-fiction. <br> - Appropriately use a range of presentational devices, including use of title and subheadings. <br> - Use dialogue, although balance between dialogueand narrative may be uneven. <br> - Describe characters, settings and plot, with some interesting details. <br> - Evaluate own and others' writing; proof read, editand revise. | Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation Sufficient evidence shows the ability to... <br> - Write a range of sentence types which are grammatically accurate e.g. commands, questionsand statements. Experiment with sentences with more than one clause. <br> - Use a variety of connectives to join words andsentences e.g. or, but, if, because, when, although. Use time connectives. <br> $\square$ Vary sentence openers, changing the pronoun e.g. <br> $\mathrm{He} / \mathrm{Jim}$, or with a fronted adverbial e.g. Laterthat day, he... <br> - Use expanded noun phrases and adverbialphrases to expand sentences. <br> - Use sentence demarcation with accuracy, including capital letters, full stops, question marksand exclamation marks; commas to separate items in lists, and for fronted adverbials. <br> - Use inverted commas accurately for directspeech. <br> - Identify the correct determiner e.g. a, an, these, those. <br> - Usually use the past or present tense, and $1^{\text {st/ }} / 3^{\text {rd }}$ person, consistently. |

